

**NEW UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION
TRANSMITTAL***(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 C.F.R. 1.53(b))*Docket No.
T7093.0004/P002Total pages in this
submissionjc834 U.S. PTO
09/593541**TO THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS****Box Patent Application
Washington, D.C. 20231**

Transmitted herewith for filing under 35 U.S.C. 111(a) and 37 C.F.R. 1.53(b) is a new utility patent application for an invention entitled:

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR SELECTIVELY ESTABLISHING COMMUNICATION WITH ONE OF PLURAL DEVICES ASSOCIATED WITH A SINGLE TELEPHONE NUMBER

and invented by:

Stephen P. Forte

IF A CONTINUATION APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply requisite information:

☐

Continuation

☐

Divisional

☐

Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No.:

Enclosed are:

Application Elements

1. ☒ Filing fee as calculated and transmitted as described below
2. ☒ Specification having 43 pages(s) and including the following:
 - a. ☒ Descriptive title of the invention
 - b. ☐ Cross references to related applications (*if applicable*)
 - c. ☐ Statement regarding Federally-sponsored research/development (*if applicable*)
 - d. ☐ Reference to microfiche appendix (*if applicable*)
 - e. ☒ Background of the invention
 - f. ☒ Brief summary of the invention
 - g. ☒ Brief description of the drawings (*if drawings filed*)
 - h. ☒ Detailed description
 - i. ☒ Claims as classified below
 - j. ☒ Abstract of the disclosure

Application Elements (continued)

3. ☒ Drawing(s) (when necessary as prescribed by 35 U.S.C. 113)
☐ Formal ☒ Informal Number of sheets: 5
4. ☒ Oath or Declaration
- a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy) ☐ Unexecuted
- b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 C.F.R. 1.63(d) (for continuation/divisional applications only)
- c. ☒ With Power of Attorney ☐ Without Power of Attorney
5. ☐ Incorporation by reference (usable if Box 4b is checked)
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.
6. ☐ Computer program in microfiche
7. ☐ Genetic sequence submission (if applicable, all must be included)
- a. ☐ Paper copy
- b. ☐ Computer readable copy
- c. ☐ Statement verifying identical paper and computer readable copies

Accompanying Application

8. ☐ Assignment papers (cover sheet & document(s))
9. ☐ 37 C.F.R. 3.73(b) statement (when there is an assignee)
10. ☐ English translation document (if applicable)
11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS citations
12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
13. ☒ Acknowledgment postcard
14. ☐ Certified copy of priority document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed)
15. ☐ Certificate of Mailing
☐ First Class ☐ Express Mail (Label No.: _____)
16. ☒ Small Entity statement(s) -- # submitted 1 (if Small Entity status claimed)

Accompanying Application (continued)

- 17.
- ☐
- Additional enclosures (please identify below):


Fee Calculation and Transmittal

The filing fee for this utility patent application is calculated and transmitted as follows:

☐ Large Entity ☒ Small Entity

CLAIMS AS FILED						
For	# Filed	# Allowed	# Extra	Rate	Fee	
Total Claims	60	- 20 =	40	x \$18.00	\$720.00	
Independent Claims	10	- 3 =	7	x \$78.00	\$546.00	
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable) <input type="checkbox"/>						
Other Fees (specify purpose): Recordation Form Cover Sheet						\$40.00
BASIC FEE						\$345.00
TOTAL FILING FEE						\$1,651.00

- ☒ A check in the amount of \$1,651.00 to cover the total filing fee is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge and Deposit Account No. 4 - 1073 as described below. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☐ Charge the amount of _____ as filing fee.
- ☒ Credit any overpayment.
- ☒ Charge any additional filing fees required under 37 C.F.R. 1.16 and 1.17.
- ☐ Charge the issue fee set in 37 C.F.R. 1.18 at the mailing of the Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.31(b).



William E. Powell III
Attorney Reg. No.: 39,803
Dickstein Shapiro Morin & Oshinsky LLP
2101 L Street NW
Washington, DC 20037-1526
(202) 785-9700

Dated: June 14, 2000

VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS (37 C.F.R. 1.9(f) AND 1.27(c)) SMALL BUSINESS			Docket No. T7093.0004/P002
Serial No.	Filing Date	Patent No.	Issue Date
Applicant/Patentee: Stephen P. Forte			
Invention: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR SELECTIVELY ESTABLISHING COMMUNICATION WITH ONE OF PLURAL DEVICES ASSOCIATED WITH A SINGLE TELEPHONE NUMBER			
I hereby declare that I am: <input type="checkbox"/> the owner of the small business concern identified below: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below: NAME OF CONCERN: Wilshire Cellular, Inc. ADDRESS OF CONCERN: 15760 Ventura Blvd. Suite 1201 Encino, CA 91436 <p> I hereby declare that the above-identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern As defined in 13 C.F.R. 121.3-18, and reproduced in 37 C.F.R. 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees under Section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both. </p> <p> I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the above-identified invention described in: </p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the specification filed herewith with title as listed above. <input type="checkbox"/> The application identified above. <input type="checkbox"/> The patent identified above. <p> If the rights held by the above-identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having rights to the invention is listed on the next page and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who could not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 C.F.R. 1.9© or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 C.F.R. 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 C.F.R. 1.9(e). </p>			

Each person, concern or organization to which I have assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed or am under an obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below:

- ☒ No such person, concern or organization exists.
- ☐ Each such person, concern or organization is listed below.

FULL NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____

☐ Individual ☐ Small Business Concern ☐ Nonprofit Organization

Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as a small entity (37 C.F.R. 1.27).

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate (37 C.F.R. 1.28(b)).

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING: Stephen P. Forte

TITLE OF PERSON SIGNING OTHER
THAN OWNER: _____

ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING: Wilshire Cellular, Inc.
15760 Ventura Blvd
Suite 1201
Encino, CA 91436

SIGNATURE: _____

DATE: 6/13/00

Patent and Trademark Office-U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

PATENT
Docket No.: T7093.0004/P002

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
APPLICATION FOR U.S. LETTERS PATENT

Title:

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR SELECTIVELY ESTABLISHING
COMMUNICATION WITH ONE OF PLURAL DEVICES ASSOCIATED
WITH A SINGLE TELEPHONE NUMBER

Inventor:

Stephen P. FORTE

Dickstein Shapiro Morin
& Oshinsky LLP
2101 L Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20037
(202) 785-9700

**METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR SELECTIVELY ESTABLISHING
COMMUNICATION WITH ONE OF PLURAL DEVICES ASSOCIATED
WITH A SINGLE TELEPHONE NUMBER**

5 This application claims priority from provisional application Ser. Nos.
60/139,498, filed June 14, 1999, and 60/185,070, filed February 25, 2000, which
are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties.

BACKGROUND

10 It has become relatively common for individuals to possess a number of
different devices through which they communicate. For example, a person may have
a home telephone, a wireless telephone, a pager and an office telephone. As the
population becomes increasingly mobile, making contact with a person through one
of these communication devices has become more difficult.

15 Call forwarding is one method of addressing this problem. Certain
telephone systems allow users to enter another number to which a call is forwarded if
not answered by a specified number of rings. This should allow an individual with
multiple telephone devices to forward the call to such devices until the telephone at
which the individual is located finally rings. However, if several telephones are
involved, this approach becomes complicated. Moreover, it requires the calling
20 party to remain on the line for a significant period of time if the call is to be
forwarded multiple times. Furthermore, it is necessary that call forwarding
capabilities exist on each of the individual's telephones. In addition, this approach
requires that all telephones involved be reprogrammed each time an individual
desires to initiate call forwarding. A significant drawback to this forwarding strategy
25 is that, in each leg of the forwarded call, the calling party is terminated on the last

device or network in the chain. It follows that the final number in the forwarding scheme is responsible for all available enhanced services or voice mail available to the caller. Accordingly, although a call may have been initially placed to an office telephone equipped with voice mail and/or operator assist, all such enhanced services of the corporate network are lost once the call is forwarded off the corporate PBX (e.g., to the user's wireless telephone).

Travel can also exacerbate the difficulty of establishing communication with an individual having access to multiple telephone devices. Upon checking into a hotel, the telephone in a traveler's hotel room becomes available as yet another potential means of contact. Unfortunately, this forces a calling party to decide whether to attempt to contact the traveler through his or her room telephone or other telephone device (e.g., wireless telephone or pager). If the traveler does not answer the called telephone, the calling party then must decide whether to leave a message (unaware of when, or if, the message will be retrieved) or instead attempt to reach the traveler via his or her other telephone. Likewise, if the traveler is expecting an important call but is unsure whether it will be placed to his room telephone or wireless telephone, the traveler may feel compelled to remain within his room until the call has been received. In addition, if the traveler's wireless telephone does not support certain types of long distance calls (e.g., to various foreign countries), the traveler may be able to place certain types of calls only from his or her hotel room.

The office telephone is the primary point of contact of most business people. Typically, corporations invest significantly in their office telephone infrastructure, which often includes voice mail, paging and unified messaging systems. In addition, most corporations have negotiated contracts with their

telephone carriers (e.g., local and long distance carriers) to ensure they obtain the lowest possible rates for calls placed via their corporate network. However, because the corporate workforce is becoming increasingly mobile, more business people are using wireless telephones to conduct their business when they are out of the office.

5 This has resulted in corporations spending a larger portion of their telecommunications budget on wireless communications, with far less favorable negotiated rates than the rates of their corporate network. In addition, wireless communication systems often lack the enhanced conveniences (e.g., interoffice voice mail, direct extension dialing, etc.) that corporate users have come to expect in the
10 office environment.

A solution to the aforementioned problems would be to allow wireless telephony devices (e.g., wireless telephones or pagers) to access an office telephone system as though they were desktop telephones connected to the company's PBX. It is desirable to incorporate wireless devices into the PBX network so that users may
15 place and receive telephone calls using the office PBX telephone system even though they are at a remote location (e.g., out of the office). This would allow the enhanced conveniences of today's PBX networks (e.g., interoffice voice mail, direct extension dialing, etc.) to be available on wireless devices - something which is desperately needed in today's society.

20 There have been recent attempts to incorporate wireless telephones into PBX networks. One system provided by Ericsson, requires the creation of a mini-cellular network within the confines of the enterprise. A cellular switching unit, unique wireless telephones and an auxiliary server are required to route inbound telephone calls to a wireless handset serving as a remote office telephone.

An in-building wireless system has been proposed by Nortel Networks.

This system requires the wiring of pico-cells throughout the enterprise's building.

The system routes inbound telephone calls to specialized wireless telephones serving as additional office PBX telephones. The wireless telephones cannot be used as

5 conventional standard wireless telephones until they leave the premises.

These systems allow inbound calls to be routed to an office telephone and a wireless telephone, but they are not without their shortcomings. For example, each system requires specialized cellular equipment and wireless handsets.

Moreover, the systems only use the wireless telephones for inbound telephone calls.

10 In addition, these systems cannot use the wireless telephone as a conventional wireless telephone (i.e., not part of the enterprise's PBX network) within the building.

SUMMARY

A system for (and a method of) selectively establishing communication
15 with one of plural devices associated with a single telephone number is provided. In a preferred embodiment, the system includes a wireless connect unit connected between an enterprise private branch exchange (PBX) network and a public switched telephone network. The wireless connect unit preferably serves as a gateway
between the PBX and one or more remote communication devices. The remote
20 devices can be used as standard PBX office telephones for both inbound and outbound telephone calls. Thus, features of the PBX network (e.g., voice mail, direct extension dialing, corporate calling plan, etc.) are available to the remote device even though they are not physically connected to the PBX. When the system

receives an incoming call, it can route the call to an office telephone and one or more of the remote devices simultaneously or as desired by the user.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 illustrates an exemplary telecommunication system constructed in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 2. illustrates a wireless connect unit in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 3 illustrates another exemplary telecommunication system constructed in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 4 illustrates in flowchart form exemplary inbound call processing flow in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 5 illustrates in flowchart form exemplary remote outbound call processing flow in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Preferred embodiments and applications of the invention will now be described. Other embodiments may be realized and structural or logical changes may be made to the disclosed embodiments without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention. Although the preferred embodiments disclosed herein have been particularly described as applied to a business or office environment, it should be readily apparent that the invention may be embodied for any use or application having the same or similar problems.

The invention is more fully understood with reference to the preferred embodiments depicted in FIGS. 1-5. A first exemplary embodiment of the invention is discussed and illustrated with reference to its implementation within an

office building or other enterprise establishment. In an office, for example, personnel are assigned to offices (or cubicles) with each office having an associated telephone. The office telephones are typically connected to a PBX, exchange, or other call processing infrastructure. The PBX allows each office telephone to have its own telephone extension and a direct inward dial (DID) telephone number. As known in the art, a telephone extension is typically a three or four digit telephone number where station-to-station (i.e., office-to-office) calls can be placed by dialing the three or four digit extension. This is commonly referred to as direct extension dialing. As also known in the art, a DID telephone number allows external calls (i.e., calls initiated outside of the office PBX) to be placed directly to the office telephone.

The invention is not to be limited to any particular environment. The invention may be implemented, for example, in a hotel, boarding house, dormitory, apartment, or other commercial or residential establishment, where individuals are assigned to a unique extension or DID telephone number. The term "office" as used herein encompasses a singular room or space within a business or other enterprise, or a hotel room or similar facility. The term "user" as used herein encompasses office personnel, hotel guests or other individuals associated with a telephone extension and DID telephone number.

FIG. 1 illustrates an exemplary telecommunication system 10 constructed in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. As will be discussed below, the system 10 provides for a full integration of remote telephony devices, such as a wireless telephone 70, into an office or hotel PBX or other communications network. In doing so, the system 10 can selectively establish communications with

one of a plurality of telephony devices associated with a particular telephone

extension or DID telephone number. Moreover, the system 10 will allow remote devices such as the wireless telephone 70 to perform as a fully functional standard office telephone 12a, 12b for both inbound and outbound communications. That

5 is, a remote device will be able to use features of the office network (e.g., direct extension dialing, corporate dialing plan, etc.) even though the device is not within the confines of the office or not directly connected to the office PBX. The system also allows the wireless telephone 70 to operate as an independent wireless telephone if so desired. That is, the wireless telephone 70 may receive calls placed to its (non-
10 office) DID telephone number even though the system 10 routes PBX calls to the telephone 70.

The system 10 as particularly illustrated herein includes a conventional office PBX network 11. The PBX network 11 may include a plurality of standard telephones 12a, 12b respectively connected to a conventional PBX 14 via
15 communication lines 18a, 18b. The PBX 14, which may be any commercially available one such as a Meridian 1 PBX produced by Nortel Networks, is connected to a calling network such as a public switched telephone network (PSTN) 16 by a primary rate interface (PRI) connection 20 or other suitable communication line or medium. The standard telephones 12a, 12b can be any digital or analog telephone
20 or other communication device known in the art. As illustrated in FIG. 1, the first telephone 12a is a digital telephone while the second telephone 12b is an analog telephone. For clarity purposes only, two telephones 12a, 12b are illustrated in FIG. 1, but it should be appreciated that any number or combination of telephones or other communication devices can be supported by the system 10. Moreover,

although it is desirable to use digital telephones, the invention is not to be limited to the particular type of telephone used in the system 10.

The PBX 14 is coupled to a wireless connect unit (WC) 30. The WC 30 is connected to the PBX 14 and telephones 12a, 12b by suitable communication media 22a, 22b. The WC 30 is also connected to a PSTN 54 in this embodiment by a PRI connection or other suitable digital communication medium. The illustrated PRI connection between the WC 30 and the PSTN 54 includes a first PRI connection 32, a channel service unit (CSU) 34, and a second PRI connection 36. As known in the art, a CSU is a mechanism for connecting a computer (or other device) to a digital medium that allows a customer to utilize their own equipment to retime and regenerate incoming signals. It should be appreciated that the illustrated connection between the WC 30 and the PSTN 54 is utilizing CSU 34 and PRIs 32, 36, which is one of many suitable connections. Accordingly, the invention should not be limited to the illustrated connection. The WC 30 is one of the mechanisms that allows the integration of remote devices (e.g., wireless telephone 70) into the PBX network 11 and its operation will be described below in more detail.

The WC 30 is preferably connected to a local area network (LAN) 40 by an appropriate communication medium 38. Although a LAN 40 is illustrated, it should be appreciated that any other network could be used. A plurality of computers (e.g., 42a, 42b) may be respectively connected to the LAN 40 by any appropriate communication lines 44a, 44b. The computers 42a, 42b can be used by network administrators or others to maintain WC 30 and other portions of the system 10. The LAN 40 may also be connected to the Internet 50 by a suitable communication medium 48. A firewall 46 may be used for security purposes. In a

preferred embodiment, Internet 50 can be used to allow a remote administration device 52 (e.g., a personal computer) to perform remote administration of WC 30 by office personnel or other authorized users of the system 10. Remote administration will allow office personnel to set user preferences for particular telephone extensions. Thus, each office telephone extension and associated remote device is individually configurable.

PSTN 54 is connected in this embodiment to a commercial wireless carrier (or other carrier not co-located with the system 10) by a wireless switch 58 or other wireless carrier equipment by an appropriate communication medium 56. The wireless switch 58 is connected to at least one antenna 60 (by an appropriate communication medium 62) for transmitting signals 64 to a wireless device, such as the wireless telephone 70. The wireless device could also be a pager, personal digital assistant (PDA), landline telephone, facsimile machine or other wired/wireless communication device. It may desirable for the wireless device to be capable of handling both (or either) digital and analog communication signals. It should be noted that any type of wireless communication protocol (or a combination of different protocols), such as TDMA, CDMA, GSM, AMPS, MSR, iDEN, WAP, etc., could be used.

It should be appreciated that the WC 30 is connected to a wireless carrier through a PSTN 54 and not by unique hardware or an in-office cellular network. As a result, WC 30 only has to interface with conventional components, such as the PBX 14 and PSTN 54. Thus, the system is substantially technology independent. Moreover, special wireless devices are not required, which allows the remote device

to function in its conventional manner (e.g., as a separate wireless telephone) and as part of the PBX network 11 (if so desired).

The WC 30 and the PBX 14 may also be connected to an accounting/billing system 80. The billing system 80 may also be connected to the LAN 40 so that system administrators may access the contents of the billing system 80. By incorporating a billing system 80 into the system 10, it is possible to obtain immediate billing information for calls placed to/from the wireless telephone 70 or other remote device. This immediate billing feature is not present in other PBX or enterprise networks and is particularly useful for corporate environments such as law firms and government agencies, and hotel environments, where up to date billing information is essential.

As noted above, the WC 30 allows for the full integration of remote devices into the PBX network 11. In a preferred embodiment, WC 30 is a processor-based stand-alone unit capable of handling communications directed to the PBX network 11. In a preferred embodiment, WC 30 is composed of one or more processors generically represented by processor module 310 executing one or more computer programs stored in one or more memory units generically represented by memory module 320, which is coupled to processor module 310 via bus 330, as shown in FIG. 2. Memory module 320 also contains one or more databases and other processing memory used during the overall operation of system 10, as will be described below. Receiving and transmitting modules 340, 350, respectively, which are coupled to processor module 310 and memory module 320 via bus 330, are employed to receive and transmit information to the PBX and

PSTN during call processing, as well as receiving and transmitting other information such as administrative information.

The modules (310, 320, 330, 340, 350) making up WC 30 may be implemented using any known hardware or software devices. For example, in one embodiment, workload performed by receiving and transmitting modules 340, 350, as well as some of the processing functions of processor module 310 of WC 30 are implemented using one or more conventional processor-based programmable telephony interface circuit cards used to interface WC 30 with PBX 14 and the PSTN. They are programmed to perform the conventional telephony services required to place and receive calls, as well as programmed to perform the unique call processing functions described below.

The WC 30 preferably contains a database of office extension numbers (also referred to herein as PBX extensions) and DID telephone numbers associated with each existing PBX extension. The database will be stored on a computer readable storage medium, which may be part of (e.g., in memory module 320) or connected to the WC 30. The database may also contain a wireless connect/PBX extension (hereinafter referred to as a "WC-PBX extension") and one or more remote device telephone numbers associated with each PBX extension. In this embodiment, software running on the telephony cards interfaces with the databases to perform the various call processing functions discussed below.

In accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention, processor module 310 executes one or more programs stored in memory module 320 to process calls received through PBX 14 or PSTN. FIGS. 4 and 5 illustrate some of

the basic call processing events which WC 30 may be programmed to handle in accordance with exemplary embodiments of the invention.

FIG. 3 illustrates a specific example of a telecommunications system 210 constructed in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. The reference numerals from FIG. 1 are used in FIG. 3 for components that are the same between systems 10 and 210. In this example, the system 210 is used in a hotel environment, but as noted above, it should be apparent that the invention can be used in any environment.

In the exemplary system 210, an accounting/billing system 280 comprises at least a call accounting system 282 and/or a property management system (PMS) 284. These systems 282, 284 are typically provided by the hotel and may be accessed and updated via the hotel LAN 40. As noted above, the accounting/billing system 280 allows the system to obtain, display, printout, etc. immediate billing information for calls placed to/from the wireless telephone 70 or other remote device.

In the exemplary system 210, a cross connect panel 229 connects the physical extensions 218a, 218b of the PBX 14 to the respective phones 12a, 12b. The WC 230 is connected to the PBX 14 and telephones 12a, 12b by tapping into the cross-connect panel 229 with communication lines 222a, 222b, respectively. In the illustrated embodiment, the connection to the panel 229 allows the WC 230 to detect an incoming telephone call to one of the telephones 12a, 12b. Once detected, the WC 230 determines which hotel guest the call is intended for. The WC 230 then dials at least one telephone number associated with the guest, which is typically the number for at least one remote device 70. If the guest answers the

associated telephone 12a, the WC 30 immediately ceases the call to the remote telephone 70. Alternatively, if the remote telephone 70 is answered, the WC 230 may connect the call to the remote telephone 70.

The WC 230 allows a guest to use the hotel PBX 14 from a remote location via the remote telephone 70. The WC 230 receives an incoming call from the remote telephone 70, determines the calling number (e.g., from automatic number identification (ANI) information presented to the system) and uses this information to identify the source of the call. The WC 230 verifies that the caller is properly checked into the hotel (i.e., authorized to use the system) by comparing the ANI information to a list of current users. Upon validation, the remote phone call is connected to the hotel guest's appropriate room extension as if the guest were using hotel telephones 12a, 12b.

In the exemplary embodiment of FIG. 3, the WC 230 includes a connect database 291, and preferably runs software including a telephony engine 298, a user interface and property management system (PMS) interface 294 (hereinafter the "user/PMS interface 294"), and optionally a billing interface 296. It should be appreciated that the user/PMS interface 294 could be separate interfaces (i.e., separate applications running on the WC 230), if so desired.

The connect database 291 includes a table that maps each line port 290a, 290b, 290c, . . . 290i of the WC 230 to a telephone 12a, 12b, etc. within one of the guest rooms of the hotel. The connect database 291 also maintains information concerning each of the guests staying at the hotel. For example, the database 291 may include records pertaining to the guest's name, a guest id, the guest's hotel room and telephone extension, the PBX port number associated with the room

telephone extension, the telephone number of the guest's remote telephone or other communication device(s), and the date and time of the guest's check-in and scheduled check-out. As guests are checked into and out of the hotel, the user/PMS interface 294 modifies the contents of these records based upon

5 information provided by hotel front desk or other service personnel.

The WC 230 may also contain additional databases. The databases contained within or connected to the WC 230 in this embodiment will be collectively referred to herein as the "database subsystem." The additional databases may include any known data compilation such as call activity information for logging

10 failures within the system 210 or port activity. This information may include, among other things, port number, date and time of the failure/activity, whether the call was inbound or outbound, whether the remote telephone was answered too late, whether the call was unanswered or whether a prompt was unrecognized. The databases may also include call detail records, used to record successful connection

15 activity. The information may include, for example, originating port, connection port, date and time of call initiation and termination, length of the call in hours, minutes or seconds, the guest ID of the user, telephone number dialed by the user/switch, whether the call was inbound or outbound, the ANI of the calling trunk, room number and telephone extension, and various billing information. The

20 databases may also include a history file, system diagnostic information, and hotel specific information such as the name of the hotel, telephone and area code of the hotel, number of rooms, technical assistance information, hotel code number, telephone calling rate information (dollars per minute, etc.), billing information

including the telephone number of the billing system's modem and other information required by the hotel or the WC 230.

The user/PMS interface 294, via the hotel LAN 40, provides an interface through which database information may be entered or accessed using a standard

5 Internet browser software on any LAN-connected personal computer (PC) by authorized personnel. Additionally, the WC 230 may manage check-in and check-out activity with the user/PMS interface 294 that is connected directly to the hotel's PMS allowing a seamless check-in/out process for the hotel staff. The interface through the LAN allows hotel personnel and other authorized individuals to access
10 the WC 230 databases for review, modification and printout purposes, as well as other desired purposes.

The user/PMS interface 294 allows the appropriate personnel to enter all of the information required by the WC 230 during the check-in and check-out procedures. Thus, the guest's name, room number, remote telephone number,
15 check-in and check-out date/time and guest ID may be entered through the LAN 40. The check-in and check-out date/time entries define the period in which the user is authorized to use the system 210. The user/PMS interface 294 also allows the appropriate personnel to modify a guest's records if necessary; it also allows administration functions to be performed on the system as well as the creation and
20 printing of any necessary system reports and the viewing/printing of guest activity and call information. Modifications to the PMS information may be required if a guest checks into, or out of, the hotel at a date/time different from a reservation date/time.

The user/PMS interface 294 advantageously allows the check-in/out of

hotel guests in the system to be virtually seamless to the hotel staff by collecting all necessary data used by the hotel in performing standard hotel check-in/out services.

Moreover, the user/PMS interface 294 allows the WC 230 and the system 210 to

5 be seamlessly configured to accommodate the arrival of new guests and the departures of existing guests. The WC 230 can access call accounting information (e.g., via a direct connection to the call accounting system 282) and hotel PMS information and may use or update this information as required.

In accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention, processor

10 module 310 (via telephony engine 298) executes one or more programs stored in memory module 320 to process calls received at the PBX 14 or PSTN 16. FIGS. 4 and 5 illustrate some of the basic call processing events, which WC 30 and WC 230 are programmed to handle in accordance with preferred embodiments of the invention. Continuing with the current hotel environment example of the

15 invention, and referring to FIGS. 3 and 4, the PBX 14 receives a call from the PSTN (e.g., from telephone 221), and rings the corresponding telephone 12 via its associated extension 218 (step 402). This call is detected by the WC 230 (step 404). In one embodiment of the invention, the call may be detected by detecting a ringing signal at one of the PBX extensions 218.

20 In the present example, the WC 230 includes a plurality of analog or digital line cards (not shown), each of which is coupled to one of the ports 290. In the case of a digital connection between the WC 230 and the PBX 14, the PBX 14 is programmed to out dial a digital trunk connected to the WC 230 (usually an ISDN PRI) simultaneously upon receiving an event to one of the ports 290. This enables

the detection of a telephone call on the associated extension 218. The system is capable of determining which line port 291 has detected activity and the nature of the activity. Such activity may, for example, be an incoming call to guest room telephone 12, or an internal session-to-session call. When the method 400 is initially executed, it is associated with and connected to an appropriate line port 290.

When the WC 230 detects that the PBX 14 has received a call, at step 406 a check is made to determine if the called guest is registered at the hotel and therefore eligible to receive in-bound calls and place out-bound calls (i.e., whether the guest is a "valid user" of the system 210). Specifically, the system compares the check-in and check-out information stored for the applicable guest to the current date/time. If the verification is unsuccessful, invalid user processing is performed and a record is inserted into an activity table of the database subsystem (step 408). Invalid user processing may include any processing deemed appropriate by the hotel administrator. It should be noted that in another environment (e.g., enterprise office building), steps 406 and 408 may not be required if all office or room telephones are authorized to use the system 210.

If at step 406 it is determined that the guest is a valid user of the system 210, a call is placed to the guest's remote telephone (step 410). In the specific example illustrated in FIG. 3, a port 292 for communication with the guest's remote telephone would be reserved by the WC 230 prior to placing the call to the remote telephone. While dialing and waiting for connection confirmation, the system continues to monitor for a calling party disconnect or local termination of the call (step 412). If the calling party disconnects or other termination of the call is detected, the call processing (method 400) is stopped.

In the illustrated example of FIG. 3, if it is determined that the call is answered at the remote device 70, the WC 230 bridges the guest's extension 218 at the PBX 14 to the guest's remote telephone and the call begins (steps 414, 416).

Once the call has ended, the system generates all relevant date, time and billing information for writing to the applicable date and time variables and updates any databases of the database subsystem (step 422). In addition, call data is formatted and written into a call detail record, or "CDR." If there was a call failure, the system may produce information relating to the reasons for failure. If the guest's remote telephone does not answer, the system may record the reasons for the non-answer (e.g., no answer, call not accepted, call answered late). This information may then be stored within the activity table for subsequent statistical analysis.

If the call is answered at the PBX 14, by either the hotel telephone 12 or the hotel voice mail, the WC 30 drops the call to the remote device (steps 418, 420) and updates the databases accordingly (step 422).

In a preferred embodiment, once the call is connected to the remote device 70, a variety of message prompts such as "press 1 to connect call" may be provided to the remote telephone. Since the calling party had originally placed the call to the guest's room telephone 12, these messages provide the guest with a number of different options such as the opportunity to either accept or decline the call (e.g., the guest may prefer that the caller leave a voice mail message at the hotel). If the guest presses "1" or otherwise accepts the call, the call is bridged by the WC 230 from the guest's extension 218 at the PBX 14 to the guest's remote telephone. If the guest does not accept the call or no response is provided, the call to the remote telephone is terminated, the originating caller is routed according to

the default settings of the PBX 14, and the appropriate information entered into the connect database. If the guest accepts the call, but the calling party has previously terminated the call or begun to leave a voice mail message at the guest's room telephone 12, the system may play a message such as "the calling party has

5 terminated the telephone call . . ." for the remote telephone and the call is disconnected.

In this illustrated embodiment, the message prompt function ensures that the call is actually answered by the guest and not by another party (e.g., a service of the wireless carrier, wrong number, etc.). Today, wireless carriers may answer a call

10 if there is a bad connection, the wireless channels are overloaded or for other reasons (such as initiating a wireless answering service). This embodiment overcomes the deficiencies of prior art communication systems by incorporating remote devices into a PBX network.

FIG. 5 illustrates in flowchart form exemplary remote call processing 500

15 performed by a preferred embodiment of the invention as it applies to a hotel environment (illustrated in FIG. 3). The method 500 begins when a remote user places a call to the WC 230 (step 502). At step 504, the WC 230 detects the call (via the PSTN). After the call is detected, it is answered (step 506), and a check is made to verify that the remote telephone is properly authorized to use the system

20 (step 508). As part of the verification procedure, the system may verify that the ANI (i.e., caller ID) or DNIS (i.e., number dialed) - depending on the configuration selected - from the guest's remote telephone 70 matches that currently registered with the system prior to allowing the WC 230 to effect bridging to the PBX. If the remote calling telephone 70 is not validated at step 508, invalid user processing is

performed such e.g., playing a “not recognized” message and providing the caller with the option of being connected to the operator of the PBX 14 (step 510). This enables guests who may have been improperly registered to make emergency calls and/or notify the hotel of the improper registration.

5 In a preferred embodiment, if it is determined that the remote telephone 70 has been properly registered (at step 508), the system plays an optional introduction for the remote telephone 70 (step 512). At this point, the system seizes the room extension 218 associated with the calling remote telephone. The WC 230 bridges the call to the remote telephone 70 via the PBX extension 218
10 (step 514). For example, if a guest assigned to room 202 has registered his or her cellular telephone with the hotel, then in response to an incoming call from this registered cellular telephone, the system seizes the room extension 218 associated with room 202 and bridges it to the incoming call.

 Once the guest has been bridged to its applicable room extension 218,
15 the guest’s remote telephone 70 will receive the PBX dial tone. This occurs even if the guest’s remote telephone 70 is a cellular telephone, which during normal operation would not be provided with a dial tone. At step 516, the guest is able to place a call (e.g., outbound, station-to-station, special services, front desk, etc.) through the PBX 14 as if the guest were utilizing the telephone 12 in its hotel room.
20 Upon disconnection of the call, all relevant date and time information is generated and written into the appropriate databases and call detail record stored within the connect database (step 518).

 As an alternate, a different extension of the PBX 14 is called rather than a guest’s remote telephone in response to an inbound call directed to the guest’s room

telephone 12. Moreover, in other implementations a guest may be assigned to a “virtual” extension of the PBX 14 rather than to an extension 218 physically associated with an actual room telephone 12. In such an implementation the guest would have access to all of the functionality associated with the WC 30 or WC 230 described herein, but would effectively be associated with a “roaming” primary telephony device rather than a room telephone 12.

Numerous embodiments of the invention have application to corporate environments. In one exemplary implementation applicable to a corporate environment, for example, an “800” number is established to enable direct dial access to the WC from remote locations. Upon being connected, a remote system subscriber may be prompted for a “PIN” or other personal identifier and would be directly linked to the corporate PBX from a remote location. This configuration eliminates the need for corporate travelers to carry calling cards, and can result in significant savings on long distance toll charges since remote calls are placed through the corporate PBX at favorably negotiated rates. This configuration also allows users to place multiple calls on the corporate PBX based on a single call to the wireless connect via inexpensive “800” inbound trunking.

In another preferred embodiment, the system has the ability to set access rights defining what type of calls the user can place from the remote device (e.g., local, long distance, international, station-to-station, etc.). One way of implementing this feature is to use PRI connections between the PSTN 54 and the WC 30, the PBX 14 and the WC 30, and the PBX 14 and the PSTN 16, where users can be assigned into particular access groups by assigning each user to a particular channel or group of channels of the PRI. The user assignments can be stored in a

database memory within memory module 320 of WC 30 for access during a

validation or authentication process performed by processor module 310. In the alternative, the responsibility over the user assignments can be incorporated into PBX 14 or some other (on-site/remote) equipment.

5 As is known in the art, in North America and Japan, for example, each PRI contains 23 “B” channels that can be used for voice communications. Each B channel can be programmed with different calling capabilities by the PBX 14. That is, some channels can be programmed for all types of calls (e.g., international, long distance, local etc.), others for long distance and local calls, while others can be
10 programmed solely for local or internal station-to-station calls. The channels can also be restricted to a limited number of authorized telephone numbers as well. The programming can be determined by the enterprise. Since the channels can be programmed with different calling capabilities, the enterprise can implement different access groups, with each group defining a user’s remote device access.

15 This feature significantly limits the enterprise’s remote device (e.g., wireless service) costs because user access to services can be substantially restricted. For example, the enterprise may want delivery personnel to have a wireless telephone for internal dialing purposes, but may be afraid of misuse by the personnel. Implementing the above embodiment, the enterprise can group all wireless
20 telephones assigned to its delivery personnel to a channel(s) restricted solely to internal calls. Any grouping is possible. Priorities may also be assigned. A user assigned to group 1 (programmed for all calling capabilities) may be given priority to bump a user assigned to group 2 (having less calling capabilities) in the event that

the channels assigned to group 1 are busy. Any grouping or priority scheme can be implemented by the enterprise and is application specific.

In a preferred embodiment, WC 30 and WC 230 are co-located with the enterprises' PBX 14, but may also be centrally located in a remote location or distributed among the many locations, or any combination of these arrangements.

While preferred embodiments have been specifically described and illustrated herein, it should be apparent that many modifications to the embodiments and implementations of the invention can be made without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention. For example, while the preferred embodiments illustrated herein have been limited to the processing of voice (packet or circuit switched) calls, it should be readily apparent that any form of call (e.g., audio, video, data) may be processed through WC 30 (or WC 230) to any communication device (e.g., cellular phone, pager, office/residential landline telephone, computer terminal, personal digital assistant (PDA), etc.). The individual method steps of the exemplary operational flows illustrated in FIGS. 4 and 5 may be interchanged in order, combined, replaced or even added to without departing from the scope of the invention. Any number of different operations not illustrated herein may be performed utilizing the invention.

In addition, while the illustrated embodiments have demonstrated implementations of the invention using PBX-based communication systems, it should be readily apparent that the WC module may be connected (directly, indirectly, co-located, or remotely) with any other network switching device or communication system used to process calls such as a central switching office, centrex system, or Internet server for telephone calls made over the public switched

telephone network, private telephone networks, or even Internet Protocol (IP) telephony networks made over the Internet. The use of a commercial wireless carrier network (represented by wireless switch 58 and antenna 60) as described herein may be implemented using one or more commercial carriers using the same or different signaling protocols (e.g., Sprint PCS and Nextel, etc.) depending on the communication devices registered with the system.

It should be apparent that, while only PRI lines (e.g., between PBX 14 and WC 30/WC 230, between PBX 14 and PSTN 16) have been illustrated in discussing preferred embodiments of the invention, these communication lines (as well as any other communication lines or media discussed herein) may be of any form, format, or medium (e.g., PRI, T1, OC3, electrical, optical, wired, wireless, digital, analog, etc.). Moreover, although PSTN 16, 54 are depicted as separate networks for illustration purposes, it should be readily apparent that a single PSTN network alone may be used in reducing the invention to practice. It should be noted that the WC 30/230 could trunk back to the PBX 14 instead of being directly connected to the PSTN 54.

The modules described herein such as the modules making up WC 30 (or WC 230), as well as WC 30 (or WC 230) and PBX 14 themselves, may be one or more hardware, software, or hybrid components residing in (or distributed among) one or more local or remote systems. It should be readily apparent that the modules may be combined (e.g., WC 30 and PBX 14) or further separated into a variety of different components, sharing different resources (including processing units, memory, clock devices, software routines, etc.) as required for the particular implementation of the embodiments disclosed herein. Indeed, even a single general

purpose computer executing a computer program stored on a recording medium to produce the functionality and any other memory devices referred to herein may be utilized to implement the illustrated embodiments. User interface devices utilized by in or in conjunction with WC 30 (or WC 230) may be any device used to input
5 and/or output information. The interface devices may be implemented as a graphical user interface (GUI) containing a display or the like, or may be a link to other user input/output devices known in the art.

Furthermore, memory units employed by the system may be any one or more of the known storage devices (e.g., Random Access Memory (RAM), Read
10 Only Memory (ROM), hard disk drive (HDD), floppy drive, zip drive, compact disk-ROM, DVD, bubble memory, etc.), and may also be one or more memory devices embedded within a CPU, or shared with one or more of the other components. Accordingly, the invention is not to be seen as limited by the foregoing description, but is only limited by the scope of the appended claims.

15 What is claimed as new and desired to be protected by Letters Patent of the United States is:

1. A system for establishing telephone communication between a telephone call placed to a primary telephone number and at least one of a plurality of telephone devices, the primary telephone number being associated with a primary telephone device, the system comprising:

5 a database for storing one or more other telephone numbers associated with the primary telephone number, each of the other telephone numbers corresponding to at least one of the plurality of telephone devices;

 means for detecting placement of the telephone call to the primary telephone number;

10 means for retrieving at least one of the other telephone numbers from said database;

 means for placing a call to the at least one of the other telephone numbers, the at least one of the other telephone numbers being associated with a first one of the plurality of telephone devices; and

15 means for connecting the telephone call to the at least one of the plurality of telephone devices, if the first one of the plurality of telephone devices goes off hook before the primary telephone device goes off hook,

 wherein the primary telephone device is part of a first telephone network, the first of the plurality of telephone devices is part of a second telephone network
20 and the second telephone network is a wireless carrier network located remotely from the first telephone network.

2. The system of claim 1, wherein said means for detecting placement of the telephone call includes means for detecting ringing of said primary telephone.

3. The system of claim 1, wherein the first one of the plurality of telephone devices comprises a cellular telephone.

5 4. The system of claim 3, wherein the system further comprises means for transmitting a message to the cellular telephone inquiring whether said telephone call is to be accepted, said message being played to the cellular telephone upon detection that the cellular telephone has been taken off hook.

10 5. The system of claim 1, wherein the call to the at least one of the other telephone numbers and the call to the primary telephone number occur substantially simultaneously with each other.

15 6. The system of claim 1, wherein said means for connecting the telephone call to the first one of the plurality telephone devices comprises bridging a first port of the first telephone network to a second port of the second telephone network.

20 7. The system of claim 1, wherein the first telephone network is a private branch exchange.

8. The system of claim 1, wherein the second telephone network is coupled to the system via a public switched telephone network.

9. An apparatus for connecting a first telephone call placed to a primary

telephone device to a secondary telephone device, the primary telephone device being associated with a first telephone network and a primary telephone number, said apparatus comprising:

5 a computer readable storage medium, said storage medium storing a secondary telephone number associated with the primary telephone number and corresponding to the secondary telephone device, the secondary device being accessible through a second telephone network; and

 a telephony engine coupled to said computer readable storage medium,
10 said engine retrieving the secondary telephone number from said database upon detecting the first telephone call, said engine placing a second call to the secondary telephone number and bridging the first telephone call to the secondary telephone device, if the secondary telephone answers the call before the primary telephone device answers the call,

15 wherein the second telephone network is a commercial wireless carrier network.

10. The apparatus of claim 9, wherein said engine detects the first telephone call by detecting a ringing of the primary telephone at the first network.

20 11. The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the secondary telephone device comprises a cellular telephone and said apparatus provides a message to the cellular telephone inquiring whether the first telephone call is to be accepted.

12. The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the first and second telephone calls occur substantially simultaneously with each other.

13. The apparatus of claim 9, wherein said engine bridges the first
5 telephone call by connecting a first port of the first telephone network to a second port of the second telephone network.

14. An apparatus for establishing a telephone connection between a wireless telephone and a landline telephone such that the wireless telephone operates
10 substantially identically to the landline telephone, said apparatus comprising:

a database for storing information associating the landline telephone with the wireless telephone; and

a telephony engine coupled to said database, said engine receiving a telephone call, determining if the telephone call was received from the wireless
15 telephone, retrieving telephone line connection information from said database corresponding to the landline telephone, and connecting the telephone call to a telephone line coupled to the landline telephone on the basis of said telephone line connection information, the telephone call being connected to the telephone line such that the wireless telephone receives a dial tone.

20

15. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the telephony engine plays a message to the wireless telephone if the wireless telephone is not authorized to place the telephone call.

16. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said database includes a telephone number of the wireless telephone and said telephony engine uses automatic number identification (ANI) information from the telephone call to determine if the telephone call was received from the wireless telephone.

5

17. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein said telephony engine connects the telephone call to the telephone line coupled to the landline telephone by a bridging operation.

10

18. An apparatus for allowing access to an enterprise communication network from a wireless device associated with a wireless carrier that is remote to the enterprise communication network, said apparatus comprising:

a database for storing information associating the wireless device to a telephone extension of the enterprise network; and

15

a telephony engine coupled to said database and the enterprise network, said engine being adapted to determine if a telephone call was received from the wireless device and connects the device to the telephone extension so that the wireless device receives a dial tone from the enterprise network and operates substantially identically as a telephone associated with and connected to the

20

enterprise network via the telephone extension.

19. The apparatus of claim 18, wherein the wireless device is a wireless telephone and the apparatus receives the telephone call from a public switched telephone network connection.

20. The apparatus of claim 18, wherein said database further includes a telephone number of the wireless device and said telephony engine uses automatic number identification (ANI) information from the telephone call to determine if the telephone call was received from the wireless device.

21. The apparatus of claim 18, wherein said telephony engine connects the wireless device to the telephone extension by a bridging operation.

22. An apparatus for providing telephone communication between a first telephone having a first telephone number and a first telephone extension of a first telephone network and a second telephone associated with a second telephone network, wherein the first telephone is associated with a first telephone number, the apparatus comprising:

a connect database, said database storing connection information associating the first telephone number and extension to the second telephone and a second telephone number associated with the second telephone; and

a processor, said processor adapted to connect a first telephone call placed to the first telephone to the second telephone based on the connection information, and said processor further adapted to provide the second telephone access to features of the first telephone network so that the second telephone operates substantially identically as the first telephone associated with first telephone network via the first telephone extension, wherein the second telephone network is a wireless carrier network located remotely from the first telephone network.

23. The apparatus of claim 22 wherein the first telephone network is an enterprise private branch exchange.

5 24. The apparatus of claim 23, wherein the first telephone network is an enterprise private branch exchange coupled to a property management system and said processor further comprises a property management system interface for exchanging information between the property management system and said database.

10 25. The apparatus of claim 24, wherein said connection information is retrieved from said property management system prior to being stored in said database.

15 26. The apparatus of claim 24, wherein said connection information is retrieved from a local area network prior to being stored in said database.

20 27. The apparatus of claim 23, wherein the first telephone network is an enterprise private branch exchange coupled to an accounting system and said processor further comprises a billing interface for exchanging information between the accounting system and said database.

28. A method of establishing telephone communication between a telephone call placed to a primary telephone number and at least one of a plurality of

telephone devices, the primary telephone number being associated with a primary telephone device, the method comprising the steps of:

storing one or more other telephone numbers associated with the primary telephone number, each of the other telephone numbers corresponding to one of

5 the plurality of telephone devices;

detecting placement of the telephone call to the primary telephone number;

retrieving a first one of the other telephone numbers;

placing a call to the first one of the other telephone numbers, the first one
10 of the other telephone numbers being associated with at least one of the plurality of telephone devices; and

connecting the telephone call to the at least one of the plurality of telephone devices if it goes off hook before the primary telephone device goes off hook, wherein the primary telephone is part of a first telephone network, the at least
15 one of the plurality of telephone devices is part of a second telephone network remote to the first telephone network and the second telephone network is a commercial wireless carrier network.

29. The method of claim 28, wherein said detecting step comprises
20 detecting ringing of the primary telephone.

30. The method of claim 28, wherein the at least one of the plurality of telephone devices comprises a cellular telephone and the method further comprises the step of transmitting a message to the cellular telephone inquiring whether the

telephone call is to be accepted, the message being played to the cellular telephone upon detection that the cellular telephone has been taken off hook.

31. The method of claim 28, wherein the call to the first one of the other
5 telephone numbers and the call to the primary telephone occur substantially simultaneously with each other.

32. The method of claim 28, wherein said connecting step comprises
bridging a first port of the first telephone network to a second port of the second
10 telephone network.

33. A method of allowing access to an enterprise communication
network from a wireless device remote to the network, the method comprising the
steps of:
15 storing information associating the wireless device to a telephone extension of the enterprise network;
determining if a telephone call was received from the wireless device; and
connecting the wireless device to the telephone extension so that the
wireless device receives a dial tone from the enterprise network and operates
20 substantially identically as a telephone associated with and connected to the enterprise network via the telephone extension.

34. The method of claim 33, wherein the wireless device is a wireless telephone and said determining step comprises:

receiving the telephone call from a public switched telephone network

connection; and

determining if the received call originated from the wireless device.

5 35. The method of claim 33, wherein said storing step further includes
storing a telephone number of the wireless device and said determining step
comprises:

obtaining automatic number identification (ANI) information from the
telephone call;

10 comparing the ANI to the stored telephone number;
and determining if the ANI matches the telephone number of the wireless
device.

15 36. The method of claim 33, wherein said connecting step connects the
wireless device to the telephone extension by a bridging operation.

37. An article of manufacture comprising a machine-readable storage
medium having stored therein indicia of a plurality of machine-executable control
program steps, the control program comprising the steps of:

20 storing one or more secondary telephone numbers associated with a
primary telephone number, the primary telephone number corresponding to a
primary telephone device and each of the secondary telephone numbers
corresponding to one of a plurality of telephone devices;

detecting placement of a telephone call to the primary telephone number;

retrieving a first one of the secondary telephone numbers;

placing a call to the first one of the secondary telephone numbers, the first one of the secondary telephone numbers being associated with at least one of the plurality of telephone devices; and

5 connecting the telephone call to the at least one of the plurality of telephone devices if it goes off hook before the primary telephone device goes off hook, wherein the primary telephone is part of a first telephone network, the at least one of the plurality of telephone devices is part of a second telephone network remote to the first telephone network, and wherein the second telephone network is
10 a wireless carrier network.

38. The article of manufacture of claim 37, wherein said detecting step of the control program comprises detecting ringing of the primary telephone.

15 39. The article of manufacture of claim 37, wherein the at least one of the plurality of telephone devices comprises a cellular telephone and the control program further comprises the step of transmitting a message to the cellular telephone inquiring whether the telephone call is to be accepted, the message being played to the cellular telephone upon detection that the cellular telephone has been
20 taken off hook.

40. The article of manufacture of claim 37, wherein the call to the first one of the other telephone numbers and the call to the primary telephone occur substantially simultaneously with each other.

41. The article of manufacture of claim 37, wherein said connecting step of the control program comprises bridging a first port of the first telephone network to a second port of the second telephone network.

5

42. An article of manufacture comprising a machine-readable storage medium having stored therein indicia of a plurality of machine-executable control program steps, the control program comprising the steps of:

10 storing information associating a wireless communications device to a telephone extension of an enterprise network;
determining if a telephone call was received from the wireless device; and
connecting the wireless device to the telephone extension so that the wireless device receives a dial tone from the enterprise network and operates substantially identically as a telephone associated with and connected to the
15 enterprise network via the telephone extension.

43. The article of manufacture of claim 42, wherein the wireless device is a cellular telephone, and the determining step of the control program comprises:

20 receiving the telephone call from a commercial wireless carrier via a public switched telephone network connection; and
determining if the received call originated from the cellular telephone.

44. The article of manufacture of claim 42, wherein the storing step of the control program further includes storing a telephone number of the wireless device, and the determining step comprises:

obtaining automatic number identification (ANI) information from the
5 telephone call;
comparing the ANI to the stored telephone number; and
determining if the ANI matches the telephone number of the wireless device.

10 45. The article of manufacture of claim 42, wherein the connecting step of the control program connects the device to the telephone extension by a bridging operation.

46. A communication system comprising:
15 a processing unit; and
a memory, wherein a computer program is stored in said memory for execution by said processing unit to detect an attempt to initiate communications with a first communication device, to attempt to initiate communications with a second communication device, and to establish communications with either the first
20 or second communication device, wherein the first communication device is part of a first communication network, the second communication device is part of a second communication network, and wherein the second communication network is a wireless carrier network remotely located from the first communication network.

47. The system of claim 46, wherein the first communication device is a telephone and the first communication network is a private branch exchange.

48. The system of claim 47, wherein the second communication device is a cellular telephone and the second communication network is a commercial cellular telephone network.

49. The system of claim 48, wherein the second communication device is a pager.

50. The system of claim 48, wherein the second communication device is a personal digital assistant.

51. The system of claim 48, wherein the second communication device is a digital PCS cellular telephone.

52. The system of claim 46, wherein the first communication device is a telephone and said processing unit detects an attempt to initiate communications with the telephone by detecting a telephone call directed to the telephone.

53. The system of claim 46, wherein said memory further comprises a database containing information for initiating communications with the second communication device.

54. The system of claim 53, wherein the second communication device is associated with a telephone number and the telephone number is stored within the database as part of the information for initiating communications with the second communication device, and wherein said processing unit attempts to initiate
5 communications with the second communication device by retrieving the telephone number from the database and placing a call to the telephone number.

55. The system of claim 46, wherein the first communication network is a private branch exchange and said processing unit is co-located with and connected
10 to the private branch exchange.

56. The system of claim 46, wherein the first communication device is a desktop telephone set and the second communication device is a wireless telephone, and wherein the attempt to initiate communications with the desktop telephone set
15 is a telephone call.

57. The system of claim 56, wherein said processing unit attempts to initiate communications with the wireless telephone simultaneously with the telephone call to the desktop telephone set.

58. The system of claim 56, wherein said processing unit establishes communications with the desktop telephone set by bridging the telephone call to the desktop telephone set, if the desktop telephone set goes off hook before the wireless telephone set.

59. The system of claim 56, wherein said processing unit establishes communications with the wireless telephone by bridging the telephone call to the wireless telephone, if the wireless telephone goes off hook first.

5

60. The system of claim 46, wherein if said processing unit establishes communications with the second communication device, the second communication device operates substantially identically as the first communication device.

ABSTRACT

A system for (and a method of) selectively establishing communication with one of plural devices associated with a single telephone number is provided. In a preferred embodiment, the system includes a wireless connect unit connected
5 between an enterprise private branch exchange (PBX) network and a public switched telephone network. The wireless connect unit preferably serves as a gateway between the PBX and one or more remote communication devices. The remote devices can be used as standard PBX office telephones for both inbound and outbound telephone calls. Thus, features of the PBX network (e.g., voice mail,
10 direct extension dialing, corporate calling plan, etc.) are available to the remote device even though they are not physically connected to the PBX. When the system receives an incoming call, it can route the call to an office telephone and one or more of the remote devices simultaneously or as desired by the user.

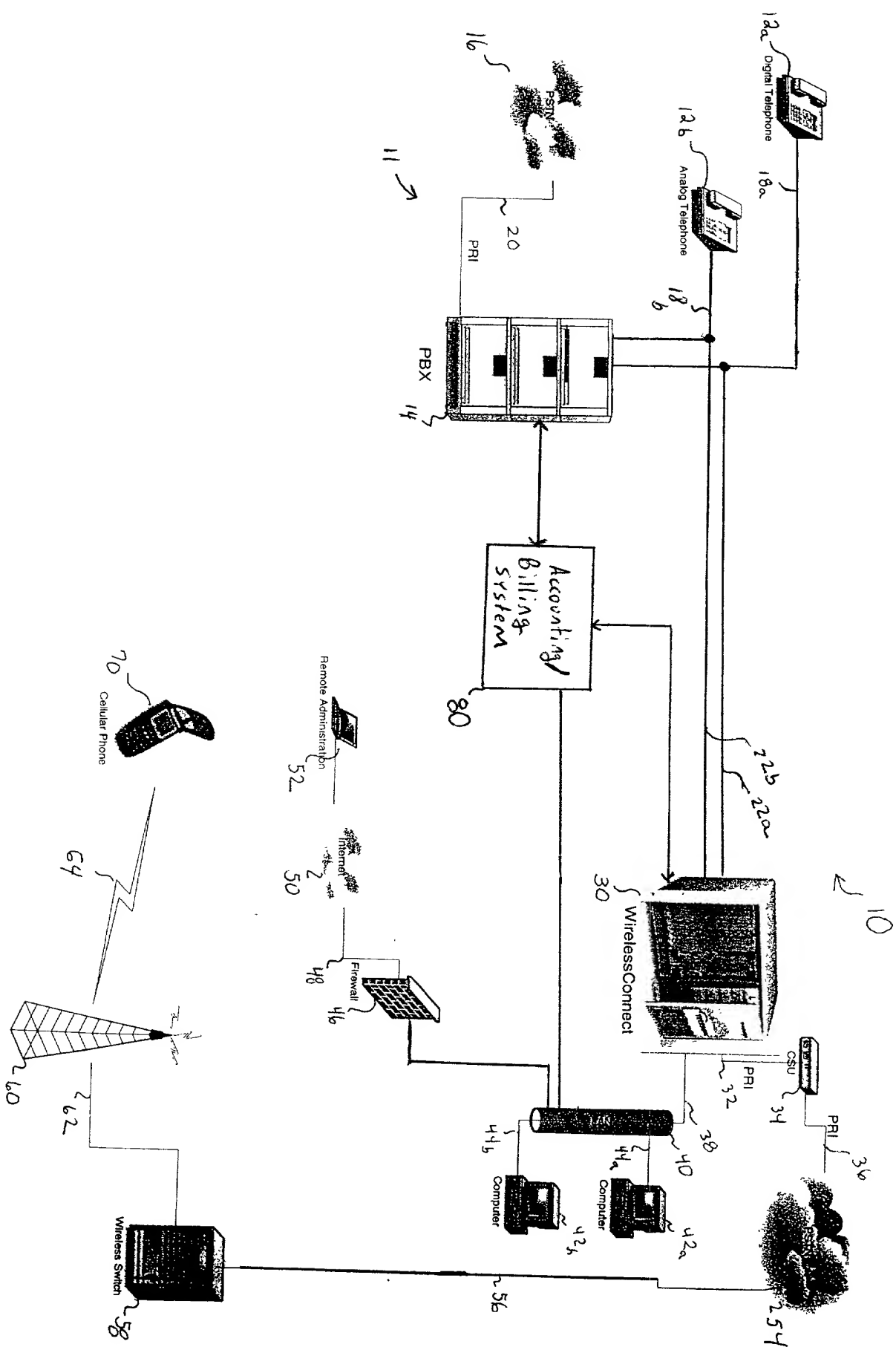


FIG. 1

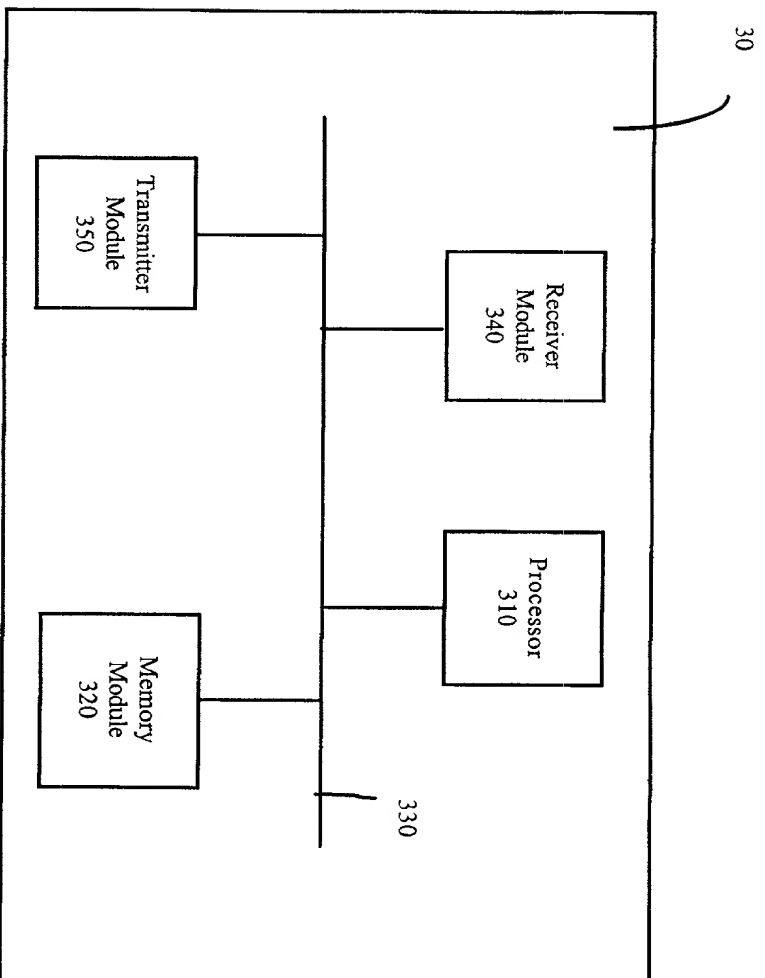


FIG. 2

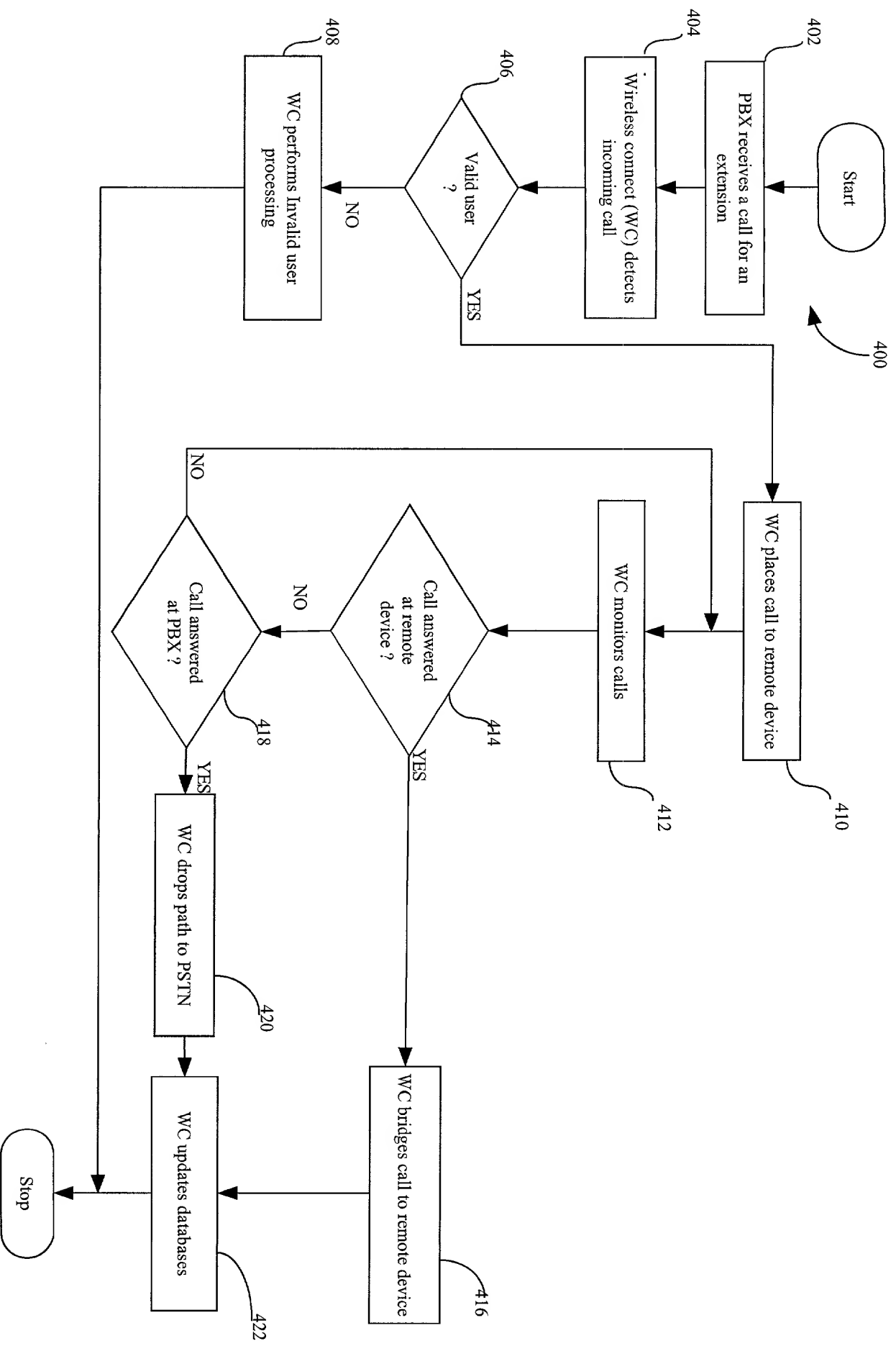


FIG. 4

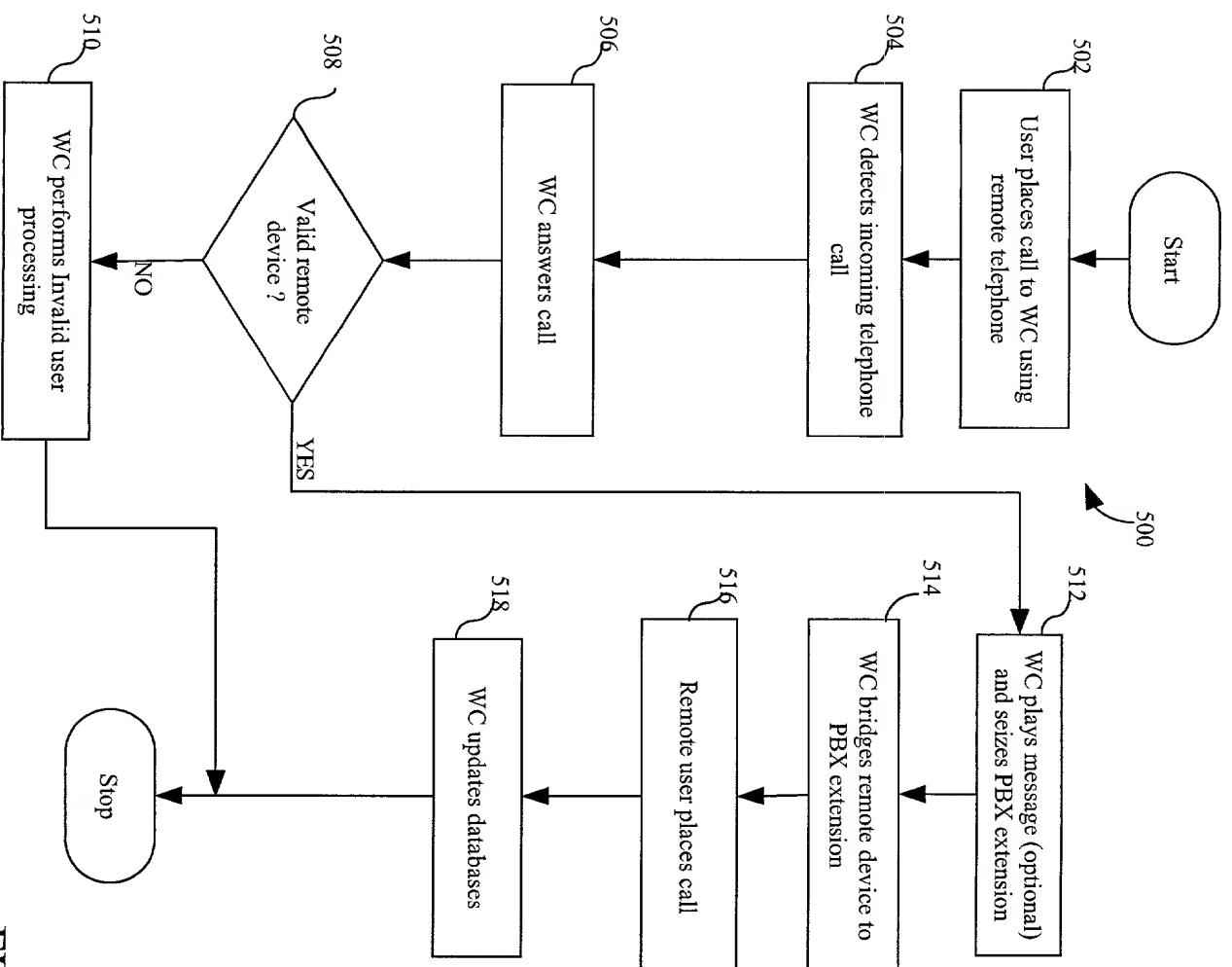


FIG. 5

Docket No.

T7093.0004/P002

Declaration and Power of Attorney for Patent Application

English Language Declaration

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR SELECTIVELY ESTABLISHING COMMUNICATION WITH ONE OF PLURAL DEVICES ASSOCIATED WITH A SINGLE TELEPHONE NUMBER

the specification of which (check one)

☒ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on _____
as United States Application No. or PCT International Application No. _____
and was amended on _____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d) or Section 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or Section 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application(s)

			Priority Not Claimed
(Number)	(Country)	(Filing Date)	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	(Filing Date)	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	(Filing Date)	<input type="checkbox"/>

Serial No. Not Yet Known

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

<u>60/139,498</u> (Application Serial No.)	<u>June 14, 1999</u> (Filing Date)
<u>60/185,070</u> (Application Serial No.)	<u>February 25, 2000</u> (Filing Date)
<u> </u> (Application Serial No.)	<u> </u> (Filing Date)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. Section 120 of any United States application(s), or Section 365(c) of any PCT international application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. Section 112. I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, C.F.R., Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

<u> </u> (Application Serial No.)	<u> </u> (Filing Date)	<u> </u> (Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
<u> </u> (Application Serial No.)	<u> </u> (Filing Date)	<u> </u> (Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
<u> </u> (Application Serial No.)	<u> </u> (Filing Date)	<u> </u> (Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

Gary M. Hoffman, 26,411; Thomas J. D'Amico, 28,371; Donald A. Gregory, 28,954; James W. Brady Jr., 32,115; Jon D. Grossman, 32,699; Mark J. Thronson, 33,082; Jeremy A. Cubert, 40,399; Laurence E. Fisher, 37,131; Brian A. Lemm, 43,748; John F. Lewis, 34,210; Gianni Minutoli, 41,198; Edwin Oh, P-45,319; Eric Oliver, 35,307; William E. Powell III, 39,803; Paul L. Ratcliffe, 45,290; Mark E. Strickland, 45,138 and Salvatore P. Tamburo, P-45,153.

Send Correspondence to:

William E. Powell III
Dickstein Shapiro Morin & Oshinsky LLP
2101 L Street NW
Washington, DC 20037-1526

Direct Telephone Calls to: (202) 785-9700

Full name of sole or first inventor	
Stephen P. Forte	6/13/00
Sole or first inventor's signature	Date
Residence	
West Hills, California	
Citizenship	United States of America
Post Office Address	
24969 Gilmore Street	
West Hills, CA 91307	

Full name of second inventor, if any	
Second inventor's signature	Date
Residence	
Citizenship	
Post Office Address	